

# Rowan County Board of Elections

# Sign Packet for Candidates

John T. Hudson, *Chair* Catrelia S. Hunter, *Secretary* David D. Collins, *Member* George W. Benson, *Member* Loutricia W. Cain, *Member* 



To: Candidates of Elections

From: Brenda G. McCubbins, Director

Within this packet you will find information and ordinances for placement of signs.

Please remember to ask permission from the homeowner before posting signs on their property.

If you have any further questions concerning placement of signs on highways, call N.C.D.O.T. at 704-630-3240.

# RESTRICTED VOTING PLACE LIST

The privately-owned buildings listed below allow use of their facilities as voting places on a voluntary basis. As part of this agreement, they have requested that NO signs be placed on their property on Election Day. The Board of Elections respectfully requests that you voluntarily honor this agreement in order that the continued use of these convenient voting places will not be jeopardized. Please contact the Director of Elections PRIOR to ELECTION DAY if you have any questions concerning this agreement or intend to ignore this request.

PRECINCTS	VOTING PLACE	ADDRESS
#2 - BLACKWELDER PARK	BLACKWELDER PARK BAPTIST CHURCH	2204 SUMMIT AVE KANNAPOLIS
#13 - ROCK GROVE	ROCK GROVE UNITED METHODIST CHURCH	1050 ROCK GROVE CHURCH RD SALISBURY
#16 - WEST KANNAPOLIS	ST. JOHNS REFORMED CHURCH, INC.	901 N. MAIN STREET KANNAPOLIS
#21- NORTH LOCKE	SALEM LUTHERAN CHURCH	5080 SHERRILLS FORD RD SALISBURY
#34 - WEST WARD II	MAUPIN AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH	100 MAUPIN AVE SALISBURY

# **RESTRICTIONS AT ALL VOTING PLACES**

For all other voting locations in Rowan County, General Statues 163-147 prohibits loitering, congregating, distributing campaign material or electioneering within 50 feet of the entrance to the voting place. G.S. 163-166.4 calls for a buffer zone which is to be 50 feet from the door where practical, but in no case less than 25 feet in which all election-related activity would be prohibited. The county board is to provide, where practical, an area adjacent to the buffer zone for the conduct of election-related activity. All campaign organizations are responsible for the clean-up of all literature and signs around the voting place after the polls close on Election Day.

### SALISBURY BOARD OF EDUCATION/ CHAPTER V

# Policy Code: 5-4 Advertising in the Schools

# A. Generally

Commercial or political advertising that is permitted in the schools shall not exploit students, school personnel, or the school district.

### **B.** Use of Commercial Materials

The Board permits the use of instructional materials developed by commercial organizations if the educational value of the materials outweighs their commercialism, if the advertising is in good taste, and if comparable materials are not available elsewhere at a reasonable cost.

# C. Announcements, Notices, and Signs

The Principal my permit the posting of announcements, notices, and signs in designated areas of the schools if the advertised activity or cause may be beneficial to the students.

# **D. Political Advertising**

Students are encouraged to take an active interest in national, state, and local elections through various school sponsored activities. However, school facilities or equipment may not be used as a means of producing or disseminating to the community any materials that advertise or promote a political party or cause, or the candidacy of an individual for public office.

Candidates for public offices who have officially filed for elective office may, however, place advertisements in school publications such as newspapers or athletic programs. No advertisements may be placed that support political causes; only the promotion of individual candidacies shall be allowed.

Student elections are considered a part of the educational program and should be conducted in accordance with school regulations.

# E. Advertising in School Publications

School and/or student publications that normally solicit paid advertisements as a means of supplementing income may accept and publish paid advertising copy that is appropriate for a school publication.

Advertisements for products or services that are in conflict with the Board's philosophy of education or that might encourage students to deviate from this philosophy shall not be accepted.

Advertisements will not be accepted from businesses whose main purpose is to sell alcoholic beverages, drug paraphernalia, or other products or services not generally accepted for students. However, any individual may purchase advertising space and insert the phrase "Compliments of (name of individual)."

The Board reserves, through its agents, the right to reject any advertisement in a school publication.

Legal Reference(s): Adoption Date: 10/9/89 Adoption Date: 10/9/89

Adoption Date: 10/9/89 Amended Date: 9/27/10

# KANNAPOLIS CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION

# Policy Code: 5035 Political Activities on School Property

The Kannapolis City Board of Education recognizes the importance of good citizenship and educating students in American government and our political system. However, except as allowed by this policy, no political or campaign activities shall occur on Kannapolis City Schools (KCS) property. KCS modes of communication (such as emails, text, websites, mailboxes, materials distributed through students for parents, etc.) shall not be used by a political candidate or for campaign activities by any person or group.

With regard to school or at school-sponsored facilities and grounds, candidates for public office are prohibited from being present on school grounds during the school day or after school while school activities are taking place in order to further their political campaigns, unless all of the candidates for that particular public office have been invited to attend the activity as well.

If aschool is a voting site for either primary or general elections, candidates for public office are allowed on school grounds to the extent allowed by relevant election laws on those days, when the school is being used for that purpose. In addition, candidates for public office may be permitted to rent school facilities outside of school hours and when there are no other school activities taking place, so long as such use complies with Board Policy XXXX Community Use of School Facilities.

With the exception of political and campaign signs in the rights-of-way that conform with state law, political and campaign signs, flyers, literature, and other materials may not be posted or distributed in schools or on school grounds unless either: (1) it is a primary or general election day and the school operates as a voting site and displays and distributes campaign materials consistent with relevant election laws; or (2) a political candidate has rented a school facility pursuant to board policy, but such materials must be removed at the end of the rental period. Political and campaign materials, including political and campaign advertisements, may be used in class when they are relevant to legitimate pedagogical purposes and are not used for advocacy.

All employees of the Kannapolis City Board of Education are prohibited from campaigning or supporting in anyway any candidate for public office while on duty as a school employee. Furthermore, all KCS employees are prohibited from using their position as a school employee to advance the candidacy of anyone running for public office. This policy does not preclude KCS employees from identifying himself or herself with a particular candidate. All school employees are prohibited from soliciting volunteers and contributions from students or school employees for any political candidacy or campaign. No person shall, while on school system property, at or during any school system event or school-sponsored function, or using school system modes of communication, display, distribute or broadcast, any political or campaign related sign, banner, sticker, brochure or other materials or information, through any medium, or engage in any political or campaign related activities, except as may be permitted by this policy.

Legal Reference: U.S. Constitution; N.C.G.S. §§ 115C-46.1; 136-32; 163A-954; 163A-1046, -1133, -1134.

Cross References: Community Use of School Facilities

(Policy XXXX) Adopted: November 4, 2019



P.O. BOX 27255 Raleigh, NC 27611-7255

919-814-0700 or 866-522-4723

updated: 11/2019

# **Littering Statutes for Political Candidates in North Carolina**

# § 136-32. Regulation of signs

- (a) Commercial Signs. No unauthorized person shall erect or maintain upon any highway any warning or direction sign, marker, signal or light or imitation of any official sign, marker, signal or light erected under the provisions of G.S. 136-30, except in cases of emergency. No person shall erect or maintain upon any highway any traffic or highway sign or signal bearing thereon any commercial or political advertising, except as provided in subsections (b) through (e) of this section: Provided, nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the erection or maintenance of signs, markers, or signals bearing thereon the name of an organization authorized to erect the same by the Department of Transportation or by any local authority referred to in G.S. 136-31. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. The Department of Transportation may remove any signs erected without authority or allowed to remain beyond the deadline established in subsection (b) of this section.
- (b) Compliant Political Signs Permitted. During the period beginning on the 30th day before the beginning date of "one-stop" early voting under G.S. 163A-1300 and ending on the 10th day after the primary or election day, persons may place political signs in the right-of-way of the State highway system as provided in this section. Signs must be placed in compliance with subsection (d) of this section and must be removed by the end of the period prescribed in this subsection.
- (c) Definition. For purposes of this section, "political sign" means any sign that advocates for political action. The term does not include a commercial sign.
- (d) Sign Placement. The permittee must obtain the permission of any property owner of a residence, business, or religious institution fronting the right-of-way where a sign would be erected. Signs must be placed in accordance with the following:
  - (1) No sign shall be permitted in the right-of-way of a fully controlled access highway.
  - (2) No sign shall be closer than three feet from the edge of the pavement of the road.
  - (3) No sign shall obscure motorist visibility at an intersection.
  - (4) No sign shall be higher than 42 inches above the edge of the pavement of the road.
  - (5) No sign shall be larger than 864 square inches.
  - (6) No sign shall obscure or replace another sign.
- (e) Penalties for Unlawful Removal of Signs. It is a Class 3 misdemeanor for a person to steal, deface, vandalize, or unlawfully remove a political sign that is lawfully placed under this section.

(a) Application Within Municipalities. – Pursuant to Article 8 of Chapter 160A of the General Statutes, a city may by ordinance prohibit or regulate the placement of political signs on rights-of-way of streets located within the corporate limits of a municipality and maintained by the municipality. In the absence of an ordinance prohibiting or regulating the placement of political signs on the rights-of-way of streets located within a municipality and maintained by the municipality, the provisions of subsections (b) through (e) of this section shall apply.

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(1921, c. 2, s. 9(b); C.S., s. 3846(r); 1927, c. 148, ss. 56, 58; 1933, c. 172, s. 17; 1957, c. 65, s. 11; 1973, c. 507, s. 5; 1977, c. 464, s. 7.1; 1991 (Reg. Sess., 1992), c. 1030, s. 39; 1993, c. 539, s. 981; 1994, Ex. Sess., c. 24, s. 14(c); 2011-408, s. 1; 2017-6, s. 3.)
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# § 14-156. Injuring fixtures and other property of electric-power companies.

It shall be unlawful for any person willfully and wantonly, and without the consent of the owner, to take down, remove, injure, obstruct, displace or destroy any line erected or constructed for the transmission of electrical current, or any poles, towers, wires, conduits, cables, insulators or any support upon which wires or cables may be suspended, or any part of any such line or appurtenances or apparatus connected therewith, or to sever any wire or cable thereof, or in any manner to interrupt the transmission of electrical current over and along any such line, or to take down, remove, injure or destroy any house, shop, building or other structure or machinery connected with or necessary to the use of any line erected or constructed for the transmission of electrical current, or to wantonly or willfully cause injury to any of the property mentioned in this section by means of fire. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor.

(1907, c. 919; C.S., s. 4328; 1993, c. 539, s. 94; 1994, Ex. Sess., c. 24, s. 14(c).)

# 19A NCAC 02E .0415 Advertising Signs Within Right of Way

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to erect or place any advertising or other sign, except regulation traffic and warning signs approved by the Department of Transportation, on any highway or the right of way thereof, or so as to overhang the right of way, or to permit the erection or placing of any advertising or other sign, as herein prohibited, on any highway right of way which is situated over any land owned, rented, leased or claimed by such person, firm or corporation. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or other corporation that has erected, or placed, or permitted to be erected or placed, any advertising or other sign, as herein prohibited, or for any person, firm or corporation owning, renting, leasing or claiming any land over which a highway or highway right of way is situated, and on which highway or highway right of way any advertising or other sign has been erected or placed, to allow such advertising or other signs to remain on state highway or right of way thereof.

History Note: Authority G.S. 136-18(10); 136-30; Eff. July 1, 1978.



# **TOWN OF CHINA GROVE**

# Sec. 38-9. - Campaign signs on state highway system roads.

No person shall erect or maintain upon any highway or traffic sign or signal bearing thereon any commercial or political advertising, except as provided in subsections (1) through (4) of this section; provided, nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the erection or maintenance of signs, markers or signals bearing thereon the name of an organization authorized to erect the same by the department of transportation or by any local authority referred to in G.S. 136-31. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. The department of transportation may remove any signs erected without authority or allowed to remain beyond the deadline established in subsection (1) of this section.

- (1) Compliant political signs permitted. During the period beginning on the thirtieth day before the beginning date of "one-stop" early voting under G.S. 163-227.2 and ending on the tenth day after the primary or election day, persons may place political signs in the right-of-way of the state highway system as provided in this section. Signs must be placed in compliance with subsection (3) of this section and must be removed by the end of the period prescribed in this subsection.
- (2) *Definition.* For purposes of this section, "political sign" means any sign that advocates for political action. The term does not include a commercial sign.
- (3) Sign placement. The permittee must obtain the permission of any property owner of a residence, business, or religious institution fronting the right-of-way where a sign would be erected. Signs must be placed in accordance with the following:
  - a. No sign shall be permitted in the right-of-way of a fully controlled access highway.
  - b. No sign shall be closer than three feet from the edge of the pavement of the road.
  - c. No sign shall obscure motorist visibility at an intersection.
  - d. No sign shall be higher than 42 inches above the edge of the pavement of the road.
  - e. No sign shall be larger than 864 square inches.
  - f. No sign shall obscure or replace another sign.
- (4) Penalties for unlawful removal of signs. It is a Class 3 misdemeanor for a person to steal, deface, vandalize or unlawfully remove a political sign that is lawfully placed under this section.

(Ord. of 6-5-2012)



# TOWN OF CLEVELAND NORTH CAROLINA

302 East Main Street
P.O.Box429
Cleveland, NC 27013
(704)278-4777

Signs are addressed in our Zoning Ordinance. Election signs are considered temporary signs.

The ordinance is below:

Article IX, Sign Regulations Section 5. Temporary Signs

Temporary signs are allow if {1} Such sign is for a special event of a public interest; and (2) Such sign shall not be displayed for more than sixty {60} days. Also; (3) Temporary signs are allowed in all directions



# **TOWN OF EAST SPENCER**

"HOME OF HERITAGE & PROMISE" 105 S. Long St. East Spencer, NC 28039 704-636-7111

§ 155.093 POLITICAL SIGNS.

Political signs shall conform to State Law.



# Town of Faith

Post Office Box 37 100 North Main Street Faith, NC 28041-0037 Telephone 704-279-7500 Facsimile 704-279-0408

# Information Regarding Election Signs

# 154.085 Town of Faith Zoning

**Sign Regulations** 

E. Temporary Signs. Temporary signs involved in campaigns of religious, charitable, civic, fraternal, political



# **Section 6.3 Temporary Signs**

The provisions of this section shall apply to the placement and display of temporary signage within the Town's jurisdiction. Any temporary sign that does not comply with the provisions of this Section is prohibited. Any sign which is permanently displayed shall comply with the provisions of Section 6.4, Permanent Signs.

### Common Standards

All temporary signs shall comply with the following common standards:

Temporary signs shall not be illuminated or be provided with any electric service.

Temporary signs shall not be placed within any public street right-of-way, including within medians, unless expressly permitted by this ordinance or the North Carolina General Statutes.

Temporary signs attached to building walls (other than permitted temporary window signs) shall not be placed in a manner that obstructs any window, door, fire department sprinkler connection, or street number sign.

Temporary signs shall not be affixed to a permanent sign or its supporting structure, including both building mounted and freestanding permanent signs.

Temporary signs shall not be placed in a manner that obstructs clear sight distance

Temporary signs, other than Type 4 Freestanding Temporary Signs, shall not be placed upon any sidewalk or other pedestrian walkway.

Temporary signs shall not be placed on the roof of a building, or affixed to a motor vehicle, tree, utility pole or street sign.

Where temporary signs are limited in the duration of their display and limited in the total number of displays per calendar year, any required period of separation between such displays shall carry through to the following calendar year, and shall be observed prior to initiating the first allowed display during the new calendar year.

Temporary signs shall be constructed of durable weatherproof materials and shall not be made with unfinished plywood or paper.

# **Granite Quarry Signs Cont.**

### 1. General Provisions

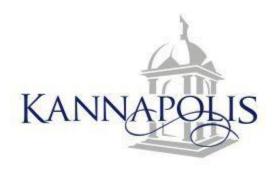
The following standards shall apply to all Freestanding Temporary Signs:

- a. Signs shall not be affixed to poles, posts, stakes or other supporting structures that are permanently installed or anchored into the ground through the use of concrete foundations or similar anchoring techniques.
- b. Signs, other than Type 4 Freestanding Temporary signs, shall be set back from the edge of the right-of-way by a minimum of five (5) feet.
- c. No more than one (1) Freestanding Temporary Sign may be displayed on a parcel or group of adjacent parcels under common ownership or tenancy at any given time, regardless of type, unless otherwise expressly permitted.
- d. Signs shall present a finished appearance. Rough cut, unpainted plywood and similar unfinished surfaces shall not be used.

# 2. Type 1 Freestanding Temporary Signs

Signs in this category consist of small, temporary yard signs that are typically associated with (but not limited to) the advertisement of real estate, **political campaigns** and meeting announcements. For examples of Type 1 Temporary Freestanding Signs, see Figure 6.1. Such signs are also subject to NCGS 136-32(b).

Criteria	Type 1	Type 2	Type 3	Type 4
Zoning District	Any district	Any district	Any District	Any District
Registration Required	No	Yes	Yes	No
Land Use	□ Residential Use Group for lots or developments of 3 acres or less □ Vacant or undeveloped properties of 1 acre or less	□ Retail Use Group □ Civic and Government Use Group □ Institutional Use Group □ Office and Service Use Group □ Recreation and Entertainment Use Group □ Permitted Temporary Use	□ Residential Use Group for lots or developments of greater than 3 acres □ Vacant or undeveloped properties of greater than 1 acre and with a minimum of 200 feet of frontage on a public right-of-way □ Properties of greater than 1 acre for which there is a valid building permit	<ul> <li>□ Retail Use Group</li> <li>□ Civic and         Government Use         Group</li> <li>□ Institutional Use         Group</li> <li>□ Office and Service         Use Group</li> <li>□ Recreation and         Entertainment Use         Group</li> <li>□ Permitted Temporary         Use</li> </ul>
Max. Size <sup>1</sup> (square feet)	6	24	16	6
Max. Height (feet)	4	Horizontal-6 ft Vertical-8ft	6	4
Number Permitted <sup>2</sup>	1	1	1	1 per tenant <sup>4</sup>
Max. Duration	No Limit	30 days up to 4 times per calendar year with minimum 7 days separation	2 years or following the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy <sup>3</sup>	Between daily opening and closing
Mounting	Supported by posts or stakes	Supported by posts or stakes	Supported by a minimum of 2 posts or stakes	A-frame
Material	Rigid	Flexible	Rigid	Rigid
Other	NCGS 136-32 applies within state rights-of-way		Shall not be displayed upon a parcel that contains a permanent freestanding sign.	May be located on sidewalk if with a minimum 3-foot



# BANNERS. TEMPORARY SIGNS AND POLITICAL SIGNS

### Banners:

- Businesses advertising special events may display one banner for a period of 60 days
- The banner must be located on the property of the business it is advertising and must be attached to the front wall of the building
- No banner may be attached to a roof structure, within the public right of way, sight triangle or attached to any other existing signs or structures
- The maximum size for banners is 24 square feet

# **Temporary Signs:**

- Special event signs for public and non-profit organizations are allowed for varying amounts of time (dependent of the activity).
- Such signs cannot be illuminated or located within a public right of way or sight triangle.

### Political Signs:

- Political signs cannot be illuminated or located within a public right of way, closer than 10 feet from the edge of street pavement, or within a required sight triangle.
- The signs may not be affixed to trees or utility poles. All portable and roof mounted signs are prohibited.
- Political signs shall be no taller than 4 feet or larger than 6 square feet in area.
- They may be displayed up to 45 days prior to an election and concluding 48 hours after the elections end.

Please contact the City's Planning Department at 704.920.4350 for questions or additional information on the specific standards related to banners and signs.



Town of Landis
312 S Main Street
P.O. Box 8165
Landis, NC 28088-0165
704-857-2411
704-855-3350 fax

- I. Campaign and election signs provided that:
  - 1. Each sign shall not exceed ten (10) square fee in area
  - 2. All such signs shall be removed within seven (7) days after the election for which they were made.
  - 3. Property owner shall be held responsible for violations.



# Town of Rockwell PO Box 506 Rockwell, NC 28138

Phone 704-279-2180 Fax 704-279-0454

The height of a sign shall be measured from the highest point of a sign to the point of ground surface beneath it. (Ord. passed 11-11-1995)

### §52.195 PERMIT REQUIRED.

- (A) Except as otherwise provided in § 152.196, it shall be unlawful for any person to erect, construct, enlarge, move or replace any sign or cause the same to be done, without first having obtained a sign permit for the sign from the Zoning Administrator as required by this subchapter. A fee, in accordance with a fee schedule adopted by the Town Board, shall be charged for each sign permit issued.
- (B) Notwithstanding the above, changing or replacing the copy on an existing lawful sign shall not require a permit, provided the copy change docs not change the nature of the sign as to render the sign in violation of this subchapter. (Ord. passed 11-11-1995) Penalty, see§ 152.999

# § 152.196 SIGNS NOT REQUIRING PERMIT.

- (A) The following types of signs are exempt from permit requirements of \$152.195 and may be placed in any zoning district subject to \$152.191(D). These signs shall otherwise be in conformance with all applicable requirements contained in this subchapter. There shall be no limit as to the number of signs on any lot, except as herein prescribed. All signs, except government signs, shall be located outside a road right-of-way. Except where specifically provided for, portable signs shall be prohibited.
  - (B) (1) Government signs.
    - (2) Memorial signs, plaques or grave markers which are noncommercial in nature.
- (3) Flags, pennants, insignia, or religious symbols of any government, non-profit or not-for- profit organization when not displayed in connection with a commercial promotion or as an advertising device.
- (4) Integral decorative or architectural features of buildings; works of art; so long as the features or works do not contain letters, trademarks, moving parts or lights.
  - (5) Public interest signs.
  - (6) On-premise directional and instructional signs not exceeding 6 square feet in area apiece.
- (7) Identification signs for residential uses not exceeding 4 square feet in area (1 only per premises).
- (8) Incidental signs, however, in no case shall a drive-in service window menu board be oriented to a public right-of-way or exceed 32 square feet in area. Any drive-in service window menu board containing a loud speaker shall be located at least 50 feet from any pre-existing residential structure (as defined in §152.191) located in a Residential (R-1, R-2) District.
  - (9) Campaign and election signs provided that:
    - (a) Each sign shall not exceed 32 square feet in area.
- (b) Signs must be placed off of the street right-of-way; may not be attached to trees, powerpoles, or street signs. The property owner must give their permission for any sign placement.
- (c) Signs shall not be placed sooner than thirty (30) days prior to any election day (primary, special, or general) and all signs shall be removed within 7 days after the election for which they were made. (amended 4-30-2021)

- (d) Property owner shall be held responsible for violations.
- (10) Temporary real estate signs advertising a specific property for sale, lease, rent or development shall be located as follows:
- (a) One sign per street frontage advertising real estate For Sale, For Rent, For Lease or For Development not greater than 10 square feet in area in a Residential (R-1, R-2) District and 64 square feet in area in nonresidential districts may be located on the property being advertised so long as the sign is located behind the street right-of-way line. If the property so advertised lies on a comer lot or double frontage lot, then a second sign may be oriented along the second street so long as the 2 signs are at least 100 feet apart as measured by the shortest straight line.
- (b) In addition to the on-site real estate sign(s), a maximum of 3 directional signs, eachnot exceeding 4 square feet in area, shall be permitted off the subject premises. The message of the signs shall be limited to the name of the property or development being advertised, an address, a telephone number, a directional arrow, mileage to the subject property, and the terms Lot/Home For Sale, For Rent, For Lease, For Development and the like.
- (c) No more than 3 temporary directional signs advertising a specific planned commercial or mixed-use development, subdivision, multi-family development and the like may also be permitted off-site. Each sign may have a maximum area of 3 square feet.
- (d) Temporary signs shall be removed within 7 days after the property has been sold, rented, leased and the like.
  - (e) No sign allowed under this subsection shall be lighted.

Permanent subdivision or planned residential development identification signs notexceeding 32 square feet.



Office of the City Clerk

Please find enclosed Ordinance relating to Signs requested by the Rowan County Board of Elections.

At your request we have helped to narrow your search to Chapter 12.14.C.(5).b of the Salisbury, North Carolina Land Development Ordinance.

# Chapter 12.14.C. (5).b

Temporary Freestanding Signs: Temporary freestanding signs are exempt from the issuance of a Sign Permit, but are subject to the following provisions. Unless permitted by NC-DOT, extensions into the right-of-way are prohibited.

One (1) temporary freestanding sign no larger than three (3) square feet may be placed on a property by, or with permission, the property owner, or occupant, at any time.

Temporary freestanding signs no larger than six (6) square feet may be placed on a developed and occupied property for a period not to exceed (60) days prior to, and including, any federal, state, or local Election Day.

One (1) temporary freestanding sign per street frontage may be placed on any property when the property is under active development, or being offered for rent or sale, and may remain in place for the duration of development, vacancy, or sale.



# Town of Spencer 600 S Salisbury Avenue (PO Box 45), Spencer, NC 28159 704.633.2231

# **Spencer North Carolina Code of Ordinances**

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- (A) A political sign shall be erected on the thirtieth day prior to the beginning date of "one stop" early voting and shall be removed within ten days following the primary or election day. Political signs must be erected at least three feet from the edge of the pavement.
- (B) The Board of Aldermen shall designate a location for the posting of political signs near each polling site. This area will be in compliance with the regulations of the State Board of Elections. Political signs will be allowed in this area for the period of 24 hours before the election and for 24 hours after the day of election. This area shall be exempt from the setback requirement. The Board of Aldermen shall make this designation at the regularly scheduled Board meeting in the month prior to the election or primary.
- (C) Sign placement. The permittee must obtain the permission of any property owner of a residence, business, or religious institution fronting the right-of-way where a sign would be erected. (Ord. 99-01, passed 2-9-01; Am. Ord. 13-03, passed 4-9-13)